## PLTW Launch Standards Guide

K-12 Standards for Alaska

PLTW Launch (PreK-5) is designed to support your learning needs. The modules are developed to ensure an unmatched experience, combining three-dimensional learning; unique, problem-based instructional approach; real-world applied learning; as well as Spanish language options – all in one program.

This Standards Guides shows how each PLTW Launch module supports the Alaska College and Career-Ready Science Standards. Because schools need the flexibility to implement the curriculum in the way that best meets their students' needs, PLTW Launch is designed to support a wide range of implementations. Whether the modules are offered in all classrooms, as a specials rotation, as grade level rotations, as an afterschool program, or even as a summer learning implementation, PLTW Launch offers the flexibility to meet your needs.

Use this Standards Guide in combination with the <u>Module Descriptions</u> <u>PDF</u> as planning tools to explore how you can implement PLTW Launch as your elementary learning solution.





		Performance Expectation	F
Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls	K-PS2-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	Pushes and Pulls
	K-PS2-2	Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.	Pushes and Pulls
in Id Their	K-LS1-1	Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.	Living Things: Need
telationshi s, Plants, ar ment	K-ESS2-2	Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.	Living Things: Need
Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	K-ESS3-1	Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants and animals (including humans) and the places they live.	Animals and Algorit Living Things: Need
	K-ESS3-3	Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.	Living Things: Need
Weather and Climate	K-PS3-1	Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.	Sunlight and Weath
	K-PS3-2	Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.	Sunlight and Weath
	K-ESS2-1	Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	Sunlight and Weath
	K-ESS3-2	Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.	Sunlight and Weath



PLTW Launch Modules
eds and Impacts
eds and Impacts
ithms
ds and Impacts
eds and Impacts
her
her
her
her



	Standard	Performance Expectation	Pl
Waves: Light and Sound (PS4)	1-PS4-1	Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.	Light and Sound
	1-PS4-2	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects in darkness can be seen only when illuminated.	Light and Sound
	1-PS4-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.	Light and Sound
	1-PS4-4	Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to communicate over a distance.	Light and Sound
Structure, Function, and Information Processing (LS1)	1-LS1-1	Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	Animal Adaptations Designs Inspired by Nat
	1-LS1-2	Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.	Designs Inspired by Nat
	1-LS3-1	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Designs Inspired by Nat
Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles (ESS1)	1-ESS1-1	Use observations of the sun, moon, stars, and tides to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Light: Observing the Su
	1-ESS1-2	Make and graph observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year, and graph findings.	Light: Observing the Su
	-		



PLTW Launch Modules
Nature
Nature
Nature
Curr Manage and Chang
Sun, Moon, and Stars
Sun Moon and Stars
Sun, Moon, and Stars



	Standard	Performance Expectation	
Structures and Properties of Matter (PS1)	2-PS1-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.	ſ
	2-PS1-2	Analyze data obtained from tests to determine which materials have the best properties for an intended purpose.	ח ר
	2-PS1-3	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.	I I
	2-PS1-4	Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.	ſ
Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems (LS2)	2-LS2-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to determine what plants need to grow.	I
	2-LS2-2	Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.	٦
	2-LS4-1	Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	I
is that 1)	2-ESS1-1	Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.	-
: Process Earth (ESS	2-ESS2-1	Compare multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.	-
Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth (ESS1)	2-ESS2-2	Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.	-
Earth's Sha	2-ESS2-3	Obtain information to identify where water is found on Earth and that it can be solid or liquid.	-
K-2.Engineering Design (ETS1)	K-2-ETS1-1	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	ہر ا
	K-2-ETS1-2	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	ر ا
	K-2-ETS1-3	Analyze and discuss data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	, F





	Standard	Performance Expectation	PLTW Launch Modules
Forces and Interactions(PS2)	3-PS2-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.	Stability and Motion: Science of Flight Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions
	3-PS2-2	Make observations and measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.	Stability and Motion: Science of Flight Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions
	3-PS2-3	Ask questions to determine cause-and-effect relationships of electric interactions and magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions
	3-PS2-4	Develop possible solutions to a simple design problem by applying scientific ideas about magnets.	Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions
Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Environmental Impacts on Organisms (LS2)	3-LS1-1	Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.	Life Cycles and Survival
	3-LS4-1	Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.	Environmental Changes
	3-LS4-3	Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.	Environmental Changes
	3-LS4-4	Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.	Environmental Changes
n of raits	3-LS1-1	Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	Life Cycles and Survival
Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits (LS1)	3-LS3-1	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.	Variation of Traits
tance ar Life Cy (L)	3-LS3-2	Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment.	Variation of Traits
Inherit Traits:	3-LS4-2	Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.	Variation of Traits
Weather and Climate (ESS2)	3-ESS2-1	Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.	Weather: Factors and Hazards
	3-ESS2-2	Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.	Weather: Factors and Hazards
	3-ESS3-1	Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a weather- related hazard.	Weather: Factors and Hazards





	Standard	Performance Expectation	PLTW Launch Modules
Energy (PS3)	4-PS3-1	Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.	Energy Exploration
	4-PS3-2	Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.	Energy Exploration
	4-PS3-3	Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.	Energy Exploration
	4-PS3-4	Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.	Energy Exploration
	4-ESS3-1	Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.	Earth: Human Impact and Natural Disasters
Waves (PS4)	4-PS4-1	Develop and use a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.	Waves and the Properties of Light
	4-PS4-3	Generate and compare multiple solutions that use patterns to transfer information.	Input/Output: Computer Systems
Structure, Function, and Information Processing (LS1)	4-PS4-2	Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.	Waves and the Properties of Light
	4-LS1-1	Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function together in a system to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.	Organisms: Structure and Function
	4-LS1-2	Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.	Input/Output: Human Brain Organisms: Structure and Function
Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth (ESS1)	4-ESS1-1	Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.	Earth: Past, Present, and Future
	4-ESS2-1	Make observations and/or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.	Earth: Past, Present, and Future
	4-ESS2-2	Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features.	Earth: Past, Present, and Future
	4-ESS3-2	Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.	Earth: Human Impact and Natural Disasters

PLTW



	Standard	Performance Expectation	PLTW Launch Modules
Structure and Properties of Matter (PS1)	5-PS1-1	Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.	Matter: Properties and Reactions
	5-PS1-2	Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.	Matter: Properties and Reactions
	5-PS1-3	Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.	Matter: Properties and Reactions
	5-PS1-4	Conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.	Matter: Properties and Reactions
Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems (LS1)	5-PS3-1	Use models to describe that energy in animals' food (used for body repair, growth, and motion and to maintain body warmth) was once energy from the sun.	Ecosystems: Flow of Matter and Energy
	5-LS1-1	Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.	Ecosystems: Flow of Matter and Energy
	5-LS2-1	Develop and describe a model that describes the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	Ecosystems: Flow of Matter and Energy
Earth's Systems (ESS2)	5-ESS2-1	Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere (water), cryosphere (ice), and/or atmosphere interact.	Earth's Water and Interconnected Systems
	5-ESS2-2	Describe and graph the amounts of salt water and fresh water in various reservoirs to provide evidence about the distribution of water on Earth.	Earth's Water and Interconnected Systems
	5-ESS3-1	Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.	Robotics and Automation Earth's Water and Interconnected Systems
Space Systems: Stars and the Solar System (PS2)	5-PS2-1	Support an argument that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed toward the center of the Earth.	Earth's Water and Interconnected Systems
	5-ESS1-1	Support an argument that differences in the apparent brightness of the sun compared to other stars is due to their relative distances from the Earth.	Patterns in the Universe
	5-ESS1-2	Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, daily appearance of the moon, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Patterns in the Universe

PLTW



	Standard	Performance Expectation
	3-5-ETS1-1	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
	3-5-ETS1-2	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
3-5.Engineering Design (ETS1)	3-5-ETS1-3	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.



## PLTW Launch Modules

All third through fifth grade PLTW Launch modules support this performance expectation.

All third through fifth grade PLTW Launch modules support this performance expectation.

Stability and Motion: Science of Flight

Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions

**Programming Patterns** 

Weather: Factors and Hazards

**Energy Exploration** 

**Energy Exploration** 

Input/Output: Computer Systems

Waves and the Properties of Light

Robotics and Automation

Robotics and Automation: Challenge

Infection: Modeling and Simulation

Matter: Properties and Reactions

Ecosystems: Flow of Matter and Energy

Patterns in the Universe

Earth's Water and Interconnected Systems

